

b) Amendments to the Claims

A detailed listing of the claims is provided herewith.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a ~~mesostructured film~~

mesostructured film comprising the steps of:

preparing a reaction solution containing a tin-containing compound

~~precursor material for~~ mesostructured ~~mesostructured~~ film which contains a tin metal oxide, and

~~an amphiphilic material~~ a surfactant;

applying the reaction solution onto a substrate having a capability of
orienting an aggregate of the surfactant amphiphilic material in a predetermined direction; and

forming the ~~mesostructured~~ mesostructured film having a plurality of the
aggregates of the ~~amphiphilic material~~ surfactant oriented in the predetermined direction while
holding the substrate onto which the reaction solution has been applied in a water
vapor-containing atmosphere having a relative humidity from 40% to 100%.

2. (Cancelled)

3. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a ~~mesostructured~~
mesostructured film according to claim 1, wherein the ~~precursor material~~ tin-containing
compound is a ~~metal~~ tin chloride.

4. (Cancelled)

5. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a mesostructured
mesostructured film according to claim 1, wherein the step of forming the mesostructured
mesostructured film having a plurality of aggregates of the ~~amphiphilic material~~ surfactant
oriented in the predetermined direction is performed at a temperature of 100°C or less.

6. (Cancelled)

7. (Withdrawn) A porous film on a substrate, comprising a plurality of
tube-shaped pores oriented in a predetermined direction and containing a metal oxide in a pore
wall of the porous film.

8. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 7, the porous film
comprising tin oxide in the pore wall.

9. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 7, wherein the tube-shaped
pores are mesopores each having a pore diameter of from 2 nm to 50 nm.

10. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 7, wherein the pores hold
an aggregate of an amphiphilic material.

11. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 7, wherein at least 60% of
the tube-shaped pores are oriented within a range of -40° to +40° in an orientation direction
distribution as measured by an in-plane X-ray diffraction analysis.

12. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 7, wherein the substrate has a capability of orienting the aggregate of the amphiphilic material in the predetermined direction.

13. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 12, wherein the substrate having the capability of orienting the aggregate of the amphiphilic material in the predetermined direction is a substrate on the surface of which a polymer compound film provided with anisotropy has been formed.

14. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 12, wherein the substrate having the capability of orienting the aggregate of the amphiphilic material in the predetermined direction is a monocrystal substrate having such an orientation that an atomic arrangement at a surface of the substrate has two-fold symmetry.

15. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 14, wherein the monocrystal substrate is of the (110) surface of silicon monocrystal.

16. (Withdrawn) A porous film according to claim 12, wherein the substrate having the capability of orienting the aggregate of the amphiphilic material in the predetermined direction is a substrate on the surface of which a polymer compound film provided with anisotropy or a Langmuir-Blodgett film of a polymer compound has been formed.

17. (Currently Amended) A method for producing a porous film comprising the steps of:

preparing a reaction solution containing a tin-containing compound precursor material for a porous material which contains a metal tin oxide, and an amphiphilic material surfactant;

applying the reaction solution onto a substrate having a capability of orienting an aggregate of the surfactant amphiphilic material in a predetermined direction;

forming the porous material having a plurality of the aggregates of the amphiphilic material surfactant oriented in the predetermined direction while holding the substrate onto which the reaction solution has been applied in a water vapor-containing atmosphere having a relative humidity from 40% to 100%; and

removing the amphiphilic material surfactant to form a pore.